Metrics and the Academic Plan

University of Connecticut Board of Trustees

September 8, 2004

Purpose of Academic Plan

Meet the expectations of the students and state for a world-class university

Provide an educational experience that is unrivalled in its cost-benefit ratio

Second Second

Strengthen the scientific/technological infrastructure of Connecticut's economy

Purpose of Metrics

Identification of factors which characterize the University's success in meeting its academic goals

Provides the basis for a consistent resource allocation model

Serves as a guide for reallocation and hiring decisions at all levels

Implementation of Focused Metrics

Output End Control **Freshmen Average SAT 6** Year Graduation Rate **Student/Faculty Ratio** Research & Graduate/Professional Education Doctoral Degrees Awarded Post Doctoral Appointees **External Research Expenditures** Oiversity **Minority 6 Year Graduation Rate Faculty:** % Underrepresented Resources Endowment Assets Market Value Alumni Giving Rate Reputation: Public National University Rank

Peer Institutions

Iowa State University Ohio State University Purdue University Rutgers University
 Our Content of Cont Output Our Content of Minnesota-Twin Cities Our Columbia

3 Year Goals

Freshmen Average SAT - Rank 3rd Octoral Degrees - @ Peer Average Post Docs – Rank 2nd Minority 6 Year Grad Rate – Rank 1st Endowment Assets – 30% Increase OAlumni Giving – Rank 1st
 Marica's Best College Rank – Top 20

5 Year Goals

Modify peer group

Provost's Grant Competition

@48 pre-proposals submitted in short timeframe

of invited to present full proposals

Decisions will be announced by
 November 1, 2004
 For Fxcellence

Program Focus Areas

5 Year Hiring Plan: 150 Faculty

Life Science/Technology/Environment: 75
Arts & Culture: 26

Health & Human Services: 49

Program Focus Areas

1st Year Plan: 30 Faculty

 Life Science/Technology/Environment: 17
 Biology (4), Engineering (4), Physical Sciences (4), Psychology (3), Agriculture (1), Pharmaceutical Science (1)

Fine Arts (1), Humanities (1), Law (1), Avery Point (1)

 Health & Human Services: 9
 Business (2), Education (2), Family Studies (1), Nursing (1), Political Science (1), Stamford (1), Tri-Campus (1)

Research & Graduate Education

To increase research expenditures, hires should be focused in: Biological Sciences, Physical Sciences & Engineering and Psychology

or

In other words: Life Science/Technology/ Environment sections of the Academic Plan but

Start ups" will be more costly in lab sciences
 Research awards will lag 2-3 years behind hires, especially with assistant professors

Targeted Resource Allocation

Allocation of 150 positions

Reallocation into areas of priority

Methodology

Methodology for Resource Allocation

The challenge – translate the numbers into a resource allocation plan.

We have initiated conversations with Dr. William Massy, President, Jackson Hole Higher Education Group, Inc., Professor Emeritus, and former CFO Stanford University to create a methodology which guides resource allocation



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Investment in faculty is essential

Hire faculty in areas of highest payoff /
 greatest demand
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